

Biosecurity for Florida Producers



SART Training Media



Biosecurity for Florida Producers

Workbook

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SART Training Media may be downloaded from the Florida SART Web site <www.flsart.org>.

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About Florida SART

SART is a multiagency coordination group consisting of governmental and private entities dedicated to all-hazard disaster preparedness, planning, response, and recovery for the animal and agriculture sectors in the state of Florida.

SART operates at the local level through county SART organizations.

SART utilizes the skills and resources of many agencies, organizations and individuals with its multiagency coordination group structure.

SART supports the county, regional, and state emergency management efforts and incident management teams.

SART Mission

Empower Floridians through training and resource coordination to enhance all-hazard disaster planning and response for animals and agriculture.

SART Goals

- Promote the active engagement of each county coordinator who is responsible for animal and agricultural issues
- Provide assistance in the development and writing of county ESF-17 plans
- Promote the establishment of a county SART to work as a multiagency coordination group to support emergency management and incident management teams
- Provide training for all SART and animal and agriculture personnel
- Identify county resources available for an emergency or disaster
- Work to comply with the National Incident Management System (NIMS) document

Subject: Biosecurity for the Florida Producer is crucial for developing effective prevention measures to preserve agriculture through an increased understanding of industry vulnerability, premises and worker security, animal protection, prevention activities, and emergency procedures.

Learning Objectives

At the end of this unit, participants will be able to:

- 1. Discuss the vulnerability of Florida agriculture
- 2. Discuss agroterrorism
- 3. Explain biosecurity
- 4. Identify methods to ensure premises' security
- 5. Identify worker security and awareness
- 6. Identify methods to protect animals from exposure to disease or contamination
- 7. Discuss recommendations for personal sanitation
- 8. Describe equipment cleaning and disinfection procedures
- 9. Identify procedures to reduce potential for premises' contamination by movement of animals and visitors
- 10. Explain emergency procedures

Slides 1-3





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Slides 4-6

Learning Objectives 1

- Discuss the vulnerability of Florida Agriculture
- Discuss agroterrorism
- Explain biosecurity
- Identify methods to ensure premises' security
- · Identify worker security and awareness
- Identify methods to protect animals from exposure to disease or contamination



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Learning Objectives 2

- Identify recommendation for personal sanitation
- Identify equipment cleaning and disinfection preocedures
- Identify procedures to reduce potential for premise contamination by movement of animals and visitors
- Identify emergency procedures



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What is biosecurity?

<u>Agrosecurity</u> means protecting the following from harmful acts – both intentional and unintentional:

- agricultural operations,
- the food processing industry,
- the food distribution system
- the hospitality industry

When talking about agriculture, <u>biosecurity</u> focuses on acts involving the introduction of pests or diseases.



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Slides 7-9

Florida's Agricultural Vulnerability

- Florida Agriculture is a 13 billion dollar a year industry
- Recent unintentional human E. coli outbreaks traced to California farms illustrate the potential for contamination by a bioterrorist act to impact the consumer as well as the agricultural economy
- The safety of the food supply has to begin at its source



Florida's Agricultural Vulnerability

Florida has been called an agricultural sentinel state because if a foreign animal or plant disease introduction or agroterrorism event occurs in the United States . . .

... there is a good chance it will occur FIRST IN FLORIDA!



Florida's Agricultural Vulnerability

Florida's borders are truly porous:

- 14 major seaports
- 131 public seaports
- 20 commercial airports (13 handle international flights)





Slides 10-12



Agroterrorism

When any person knowingly or maliciously uses

- biological agents
- chemical agents
- plant pathogens
- animal pathogens

as weapons against the agriculture industry or food supply.



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Florida's Agricultural Vulnerability Global Availability Foot-and-mouth Disease in 25+ countries Hog Cholera, Avian Influenza and Exotic Newcastle Disease are widespread Animal disease agents can be produced or delivered without sophisticated equipment

Slides 13-15

Florida's Agricultural Vulnerability

Agents that can be introduced, transmitted, and/or created by people pose a significant risk

- Anthrax
- Foot-and-mouth Disease
- Food-borne bacteria E. coli, salmonella

Not limited to these organisms!

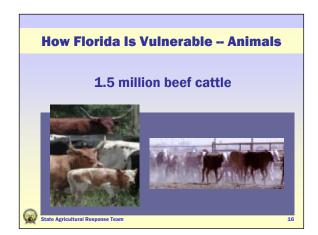


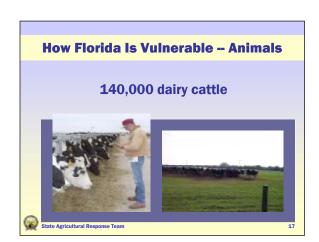
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Prohibited Materials Carry Contagens High potential for prohibited materials entering Florida – gifts, souvenirs, food and other products Hoor still attached on this product!

How Florida Is Vulnerable -- Animals 26 million poultry State Adjustival Response Team 15

Slides 16-18







Slides 19-21







Slides 22-24



Definition of Biosecurity Security from transmission of infectious disease, parasites, and pests among livestock, poultry, wildlife and zoo animals

Your Biosecurity Resource Group?

- You (and your family)
- Foreman and workers
- Veterinarian
- Nutritionist
- Extension specialist
- Suppliers

All of you are responsible for your Biosecurity Plan



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Slides 25-27

The Biosecurity Key Programs must reduce the risk of transferring disease agents, so... Exposure Prevention Is the Key!

If Reducing Risk Is the Key . . .

- ... What should a biosecurity plan include?
- Increase my animals' ability to resist disease

 Vaccination
- Minimize contacts that might result in disease
- Eliminate sources of infectious agents
 - Other livestock, birds, insects, rodents, people, manure, soil, surface water (or water tanks), feed, and equipment



In Developing Your Biosecurity Plan . . .

- ... Ask these questions:
- What are your disease concerns?
- What are the risk factors for these concerns?
- What management actions should be considered?
- How will this be monitored?

The plan must be <u>written</u> and <u>practiced</u> to be effective!



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Slides 28-30

Premise and Building Security

- Critical to ensuring farm biosecurity
- Perimeter fence (with appropriate signage)
- Only one entry/exit to property with lockable gate
- Critical storage areas should have limited access and be locked when not in use. (Lighted if appropriate)
- Establish neighborhood watch program
- Report any suspicious activity to law enforcement officials
- Maintain inventory of equipment and chemicals



Premise and Building Security Lock gates! Protect feed and supplies from unintentional OR intentional contamination

Worker Security and Awareness Pre-employment resume and background check Provide biosecurity awareness and personal protective equipment training and implementation policy Animal disease recognition training Job procedure training Train employees to recognize and report suspicious individuals or unusual acitivites Review emergency plan regularly State Agricultural Response Team 30

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Protect Animals from Exposure to Disease and Contamination

- · Keep fences adjacent to livestock on neighboring premises in good repair
- · Maintain closed herd if possible
- Purchase from sources with known herd health practices
- Isolate herd additions, including those returning from shows, for at least 2 weeks prior to allowing them to comingle with other animals to reduce potential for introducing a disease
- · Know the source and quality of purchased feed and hay



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Protect Your Animals from Disease and Contamination!

Does Your Biosecurity Plan Include...

- Maintain a vaccination/parasite control program.
 Review herd health plans annually with your DVM
- Separate any obviously sick animals from the rest of the herd and contact your veterinarian for the appropriate
- · Know the signs of reportable/foreign animal diseases and report any unusual signs to your veterinarian.
- Limit direct contact between livestock, wildlife, pets, and pests.
 - Prevent wildlife and pets from sharing feed bunks or water
 - Rodents, other vermin and wildlife are very mobile and can spread disease agents. Don't ignore dogs, cats, and poultry.



Protect Your Animals from Disease and Contamination!

Other Considerations

- Ensure that adequate hand washing and boot cleaning/disinfection supplies are available and monitor workers to ensure compliance with established protocol
- · Do not feed table scraps, human food products or garbage to farm animals
- Reduce potential for runoff of water and organize material from adjacent livestock premises



These tips will contribute greatly to keeping animals healthy!

State Agricultural Response Team

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Slides 37-39



Slides 40-42







Slides 43-45

Emergency Procedures

 Must be written, provided upon initial employment, responsibilities clearly identified, and reviewed periodically with each worker

 Evacuation plans for all buildings
 Utility locations and procedures for shutting down
 Worker procedures during an emergency
 Emergency contact information

State Agricultural Response Team

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Some Florida Resources

In case of an outbreak, first contact the state or federal Department of Agriculture.

- FDACS, Division of Animal Industry [Link]
- Florida Dept. of Agriculture and Consumer Services (FDACS) [Link]
- Florida Animal Disease Control [Link]
- Florida Dept. of Community Affairs, Div. of Emergency Management [Link]
- Florida Reportable Animal Diseases [Link]



Biosecurity Resources

- CDC/USDA Overview of Biosecurity and Avian Overview of Biosecurity and Avian Influenza. PowerPoint PDF [Link]
- Homeland Security [Link]
- EDEN Homeland Security Plant Biosecurity course (Purdue) [Link]
- Preparing for an AgroTerrorism Event [Link]
- Protecting Farms AgroSecurity Principles [Link]



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Slides 46-48

Specific Disease Issues

- CDC Control of Avian Influenza in Poultry [Link]
- Foot and Mouth Disease [Link]
- Shared Human-Animal Diseases [Link]
- Transmittable Animal Diseases [Link]
- Zoonosis Animals Can Make You Sick [Link]



• Caring for Livestock After Disaster. Scott Cotton and R. Ackerman, Colorado State University. 2006. [Link]

Disaster Resources

- Extension Disaster Education Network (EDEN) is a collaborative multi-state effort by Extension Services across the country to improve the delivery of services to citizens affected by disasters. [Link]
- Guidelines for the Development of a Local Animal Care Plan in Emergencies, Disasters, and Evacuations.
 Sebastian Heath, Ph.D., D.V.M., Purdue University, School of Veterinary Medicine



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General Resources

- U.S. State Veterinarian Offices (Link)
- Sunshine State Horse Council [Link]
- United States Dept. of Agriculture (USDA) [Link]
- University of Florida Institute for Food and Agricultural Sciences Extension publication resource (EDIS)
 - Veterinary Medicine [Link]
 - Specific Livestock Animals [Link]
- University of Florida IFAS Extension Disaster Handbook [Link]
- Animal Health Hazards of Concern During Natural Disasters (USDA-APHIS, Feb. 2002) [Link]
- World Organization for Animal Health (OIE) [Link]



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Slides 49-51

Review Learning Objectives 1

- Discuss the vulnerability of Florida Agriculture
- Discuss agroterrorism
- Explain biosecurity
- Identify methods to ensure premises' security
- Identify worker security and awareness
- Identify methods to protect animals from exposure to disease or contamination



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Review Learning Objectives 2

- Identify recommendations for personal sanitation
- Identify equipment cleaning and disinfection procedures
- Identify procedures to reduce potential for contamination of premises by movement of animals and visitors
- Identify emergency procedures



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Thank You!

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Resources

The following are sources of information, including agencies mentioned in this unit that may be helpful.

- Florida Department of Community Affairs, Div. of Emergency Management Web site: http://www.floridadisaster.org
- United States Department of Agriculture (USDA)
 Web site: http://www.usda.gov
- Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services (FDACS)
 Web site: http://www.doacs.state.fl.us
- FDACS Division of Animal Industry
 Web site: http://www.doacs.state.fl.us/ai/
- USDA Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (USDA-APHIS)
 Web site: http://www.aphis.usda.gov
- World Organisation for Animal Health (OIE)
 Web site: http://www.oie.int
- APHIS Center for Emerging Issues (CEI) has various worksheets available on animal health and diseases of concern as well
 Web site: http://www.aphis.usda.gov/vs/ceah/cei/worksheets.htm
- University of Florida Institute of Food and Agricultural Sciences Extension publication resource (EDIS) offers many fact sheets for various veterinary and animal health
 Web sites: http://edis.ifas.ufl.edu/DEPARTMENT_VETERINARY_MEDICINE
 http://edis.ifas.ufl.edu/TOPIC_Livestock_by_Animal
 http://edis.ifas.ufl.edu/TOPIC_Livestock_Health_by_Animal
- The University of Florida IFAS Extension Disaster Handbook Web site: http://disaster.ifas.ufl.edu
- United States Animal Health Association (USAHA) web address and animal disease information links

Web sites: http://www.usaha.org/index.shtml http://www.usaha.org/links.shtml#disease

 USDA-APHIS Veterinary Services division publication, "Animal Health Hazards of Concern During Natural Disasters," published in February 2002 is available at the following link. The goal of the publication is to "describe some of the natural disasters that have occurred in the U.S. during recent years and to review some infectious and noninfectious hazards that, at the very least, are perceived to be related directly to natural disasters." Web site: http://www.aphis.usda.gov/vs/ceah/cei/EmergingAnimalHealthIssues_files/hazards.PDF

USDA-APHIS fact sheets for various animal diseases are available at the following Web address

Web site: http://www.aphis.usda.gov/lpa/pubs/fsheet_faq_notice/fsfaqnot_animalhealth. html

- The Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service has veterinarians serving as Area Veterinarian's in Charge (AVICs) who are part of the chain to whom foreign animal diseases are reported. The list of all states' AVICs are found on the following Web site: http://www.aphis.usda.gov/vs/area_offices.htm
- State Veterinarian Office contact information for each state Web site: http://www.aphis.usda.gov/vs/sregs/official.html
- Saunders Comprehensive Veterinary Dictionary 2nd edition, written by D. C. Blood and V. P. Studdert. Published in 1999 by W. B. Saunders.
- Iowa State University Center for Food Security and Public Health Web site: http://www.cfsph.iastate.edu
- Web-based Training: Recognizing and Rsponding to Foreign Animal Diseases. Florida Department of Agriculture and Cosumer Services; available for continuing education credit. http://www.sarttraining.com/courses/FADS_Beta/
- Video Resources:

Foreign Animal Diseases: Foot and Mouth Disease. USDA. Length: 7:22 (Download). Provides a helpful description of FMD, especially to see FMD's symptoms and effects.

Foot-and-Mouth Disease (originally broadcast March 30, 2001 on the News Hour with Jim Lehrer). PBS Online. Length: 14 min. (Streaming). Describes the 2001 FMD outbreak in Britain and discusses spread of FMD and primary and secondary economic impacts.

Access these clips through the Florida SART Training Materials page.